DATA SHEET

For a complete data sheet, please also download:

- The IC04 LOCMOS HE4000B Logic Family Specifications HEF, HEC
- The IC04 LOCMOS HE4000B Logic Package Outlines/Information HEF, HEC

HEF4515B
MSI
1-of-16 decoder/demultiplexer with input latches

Product specification
File under Integrated Circuits, IC04

January 1995

Philips Semiconductors

PHILIPS

1-of-16 decoder/demultiplexer with input latches

HEF4515B MSI

DESCRIPTION

The HEF4515B is a 1-of-16 decoder/demultiplexer, having four binary weighted address inputs (A_0 to A_3), a latch enable input (EL), and an active LOW enable input ($\overline{E}$). The 16 outputs ($\overline{O}_0$ to $\overline{O}_{15}$) are mutually exclusive active LOW. When EL is HIGH, the selected output is determined by the data on A_n. When EL goes LOW, the last data present at A_n are stored in the latches and the outputs remain stable. When $\overline{E}$ is LOW, the selected output, determined by the contents of the latch, is LOW. At $\overline{E}$ HIGH, all outputs are HIGH. The enable input ($\overline{E}$) does not affect the state of the latch. When the HEF4515B is used as a demultiplexer, $\overline{E}$ is the data input and A_0 to A_3 are the address inputs.

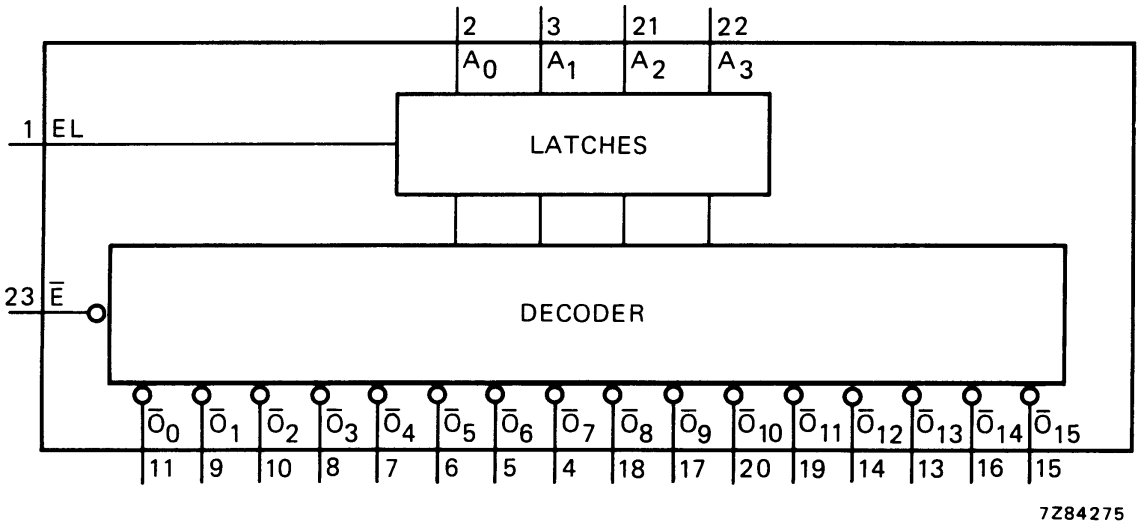

Fig.1 Functional diagram.

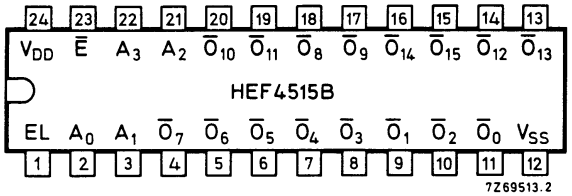

Fig.2 Pinning diagram.

PINNING

A_0 to A_3	address inputs
$\overline{E}$	enable input (active LOW)
EL	latch enable input
$\overline{O}_0$ to $\overline{O}_{15}$	outputs (active LOW)

HEF4515BP(N):	24-lead DIL; plastic (SOT101-1)
HEF4515BD(F):	24-lead DIL; ceramic (cerdip) (SOT94)
HEF4515BT(D):	24-lead SO; plastic (SOT137-1)

( ): Package Designator North America

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Some examples of applications for the HEF4515B are:

- Digital multiplexing.
- Address decoding.
- Hexadecimal/BCD decoding.

FAMILY DATA, I_{DD} LIMITS category MSI

See Family Specifications

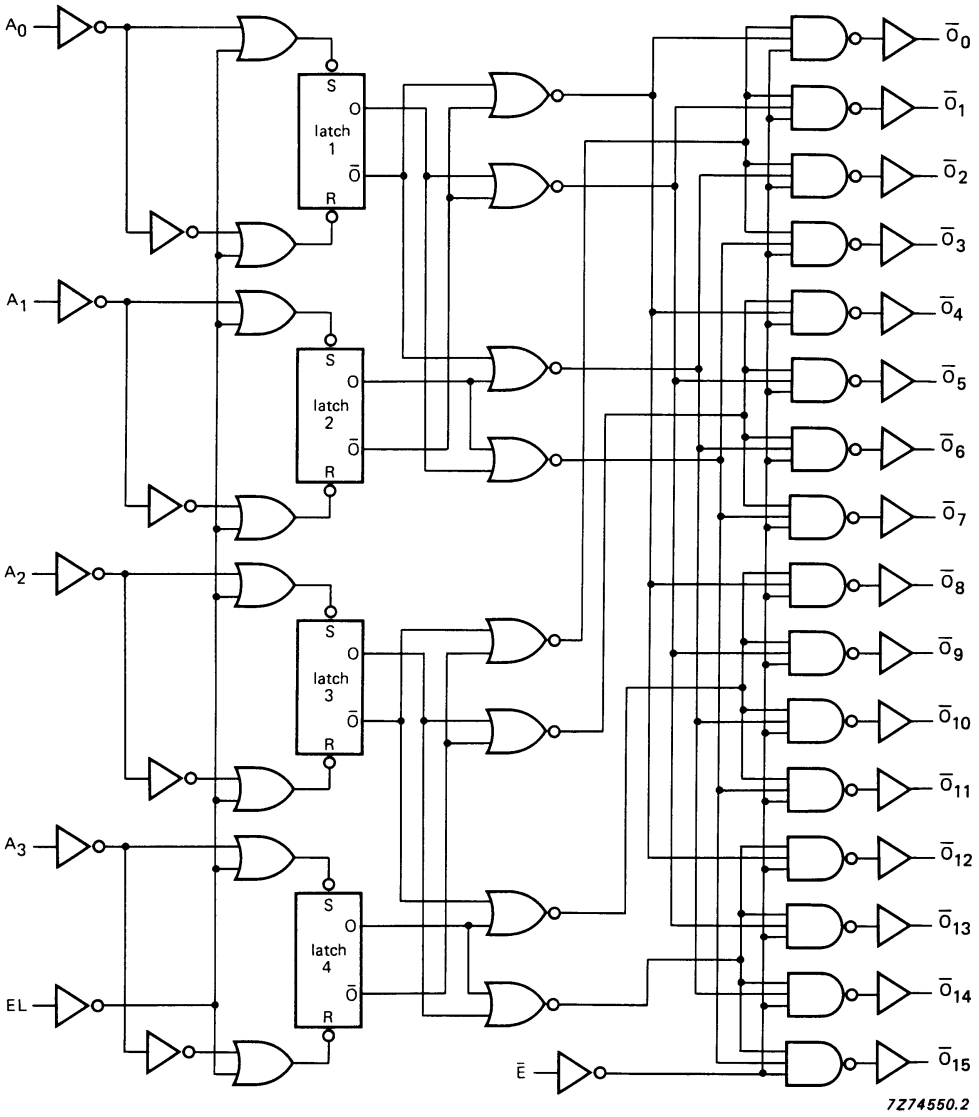

Fig.3 Logic diagram.

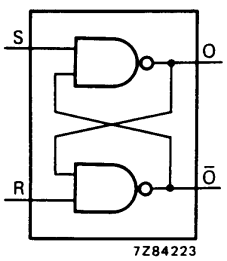

Fig.4 Logic diagram (one latch).

TRUTH TABLE

INPUTS					OUTPUTS															
$\overline{E}$	A_0	A_1	A_2	A_3	$\overline{O}_0$	$\overline{O}_1$	$\overline{O}_2$	$\overline{O}_3$	$\overline{O}_4$	$\overline{O}_5$	$\overline{O}_6$	$\overline{O}_7$	$\overline{O}_8$	$\overline{O}_9$	$\overline{O}_{10}$	$\overline{O}_{11}$	$\overline{O}_{12}$	$\overline{O}_{13}$	$\overline{O}_{14}$	$\overline{O}_{15}$
H	X	X	X	X	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	L	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	H	L	L	L	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	L	H	L	L	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	H	H	L	L	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	L	L	H	L	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	H	L	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	L	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	H	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	L	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H
L	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H
L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H
L	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H
L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H
L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L

Notes

1. EL = HIGH; H = HIGH state (the more positive voltage)
   L = LOW state (the less positive voltage); X = state is immaterial

AC CHARACTERISTICS

V_{SS} = 0 V; T_{amb} = 25 °C; C_L = 50 pF; input transition times ≤ 20 ns

	V_{DD} V	SYMBOL	TYP.	MAX.		TYPICAL EXTRAPOLATION FORMULA
Propagation delays						
A_n, EL → $\overline{O}_n$	5		260	520	ns	233 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C_L
HIGH to LOW	10	t_{PHL}	95	190	ns	84 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C_L
	15		65	130	ns	57 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C_L
	5		270	550	ns	243 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C_L
LOW to HIGH	10	t_{PLH}	95	190	ns	84 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C_L
	15		65	130	ns	57 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C_L
$\overline{E}$ → $\overline{O}_n$	5		175	350	ns	148 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C_L
HIGH to LOW	10	t_{PHL}	65	130	ns	54 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C_L
	15		45	90	ns	37 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C_L
	5		200	400	ns	173 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C_L
LOW to HIGH	10	t_{PLH}	70	140	ns	59 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C_L
	15		50	100	ns	42 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C_L

AC CHARACTERISTICS

V_{SS} = 0 V; T_{amb} = 25 °C; C_L = 50 pF; input transition times ≤ 20 ns

	V_{DD} V	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		TYPICAL EXTRAPOLATION FORMULA
Output transition times							
HIGH to LOW	5	t_{THL}		90	180	ns	40 ns + (1,0 ns/pF) C_L
	10			35	65	ns	14 ns + (0,42 ns/pF) C_L
	15			25	50	ns	11 ns + (0,28 ns/pF) C_L
LOW to HIGH	5	t_{TLH}		85	170	ns	35 ns + (1,0 ns/pf) C_L
	10			35	70	ns	14 ns + (0,42 ns/pF) C_L
	15			25	50	ns	11 ns + (0,28 ns/pF) C_L
Set-up time $A_n \rightarrow$ EL	5	t_{su}	120	60		ns	see also waveforms Fig.5
	10		40	20		ns	
	15		30	15		ns	
Hold time $A_n \rightarrow$ EL	5	t_{hold}	0	60		ns	
	10		0	20		ns	
	15		0	15		ns	
Minimum EL pulse width; HIGH	5	t_{WELH}	120	60		ns	
	10		40	20		ns	
	15		30	15		ns	

	V_{DD} V	TYPICAL FORMULA FOR P (μW)	
Dynamic power dissipation per package (P)	5	$1100\ f_i + \sum (f_o C_L) \times V_{DD}^2$	where
	10	$5500\ f_i + \sum (f_o C_L) \times V_{DD}^2$	f_i = input freq. (MHz)
	15	$16\ 000\ f_i + \sum (f_o C_L) \times V_{DD}^2$	f_o = output freq. (MHz)
			C_L = load capacitance (pF)
			$\sum (f_o C_L)$ = sum of outputs
			V_{DD} = supply voltage (V)

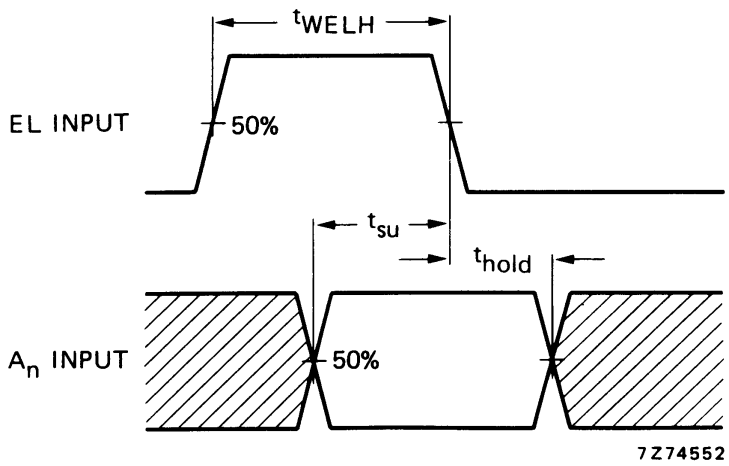

Fig.5 Waveforms showing minimum pulse width for EL, set-up and hold times for A_n to EL. Set-up and hold times are shown as positive values but may be specified as negative values.